Fuji Electric France S.A.S.

## Field-mounted Two-wire Signal Conditioners

## 2-WIRE UNIVERSAL TEMPERATURE TRANSMITTER (HART® ${ }^{\circledR}$ communication, intrinsically safe/explosion-proof)

| MODEL \& SUFFIX CODE SELECTION |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | FRC1011 |  |
| MODEL |  |  |  |
| ENCLOSURE |  |  |  |
| 0 : None *1 |  |  |  |
| (1) : Diecast aluminium |  |  |  |
| 2: Stainless steel casting |  |  |  |
| SAFETY APPROVAL |  |  |  |
| A : None |  |  |  |
| (C) CENELEC flameproof (ATEX) |  |  |  |
| E : CENELEC intrinsically safe (ATEX) |  |  |  |
| LCD DISPLAY <br> 0 : Without |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| 0 : Without <br> (1) : With |  |  |  |
| WIRING CONDUIT *2 |  |  |  |
| 0 : None |  |  |  |
| (1) : $1 / 2$ NPT |  |  |  |
| 2: M20 $\times 1.5$ |  |  |  |
| 3 : PG 13.5 |  |  |  |
| *1. Choose the suffix code 0 for "Wiring Conduit" |  |  |  |
| *2. Confirm selectable combinations of approval and wiring duit types in the table below. |  |  |  |
| SELECTABLE WIRING CONDUITS SPECIFIC TO EACH APPROVAL ' N ' marked combinations are not selectable. |  |  |  |
| APPROVAL <br> CONDUIT | A | C | E |
| 0 | Y | N | Y |
| 1 | Y | Y | Y |
| 2 | Y | Y | Y |
| 3 | Y | N | Y |

## RELATED PRODUCTS

- PC Configurator Software
- HART modem*

MACTek VIATOR RS232 HART ${ }^{\circledR}$ IF recommended

- Hand-held communicator*
${ }^{*}$ Consult HART ${ }^{\circledR}$ Communication Foundation (HCF) web site : www.hartcomm.org


## GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Degree of protection : NEMA 4X, IP66/IP67
Wiring conduit : See "Model \& Suffix Code".
Electrical connection : M3.5 screw terminals (torque $0.8 \mathrm{~N} \cdot \mathrm{~m}$ )
Materials
Transmitter housing : Flame-resistant resin (black)
Screw terminals : Nickel-plated brass
Enclosure :
Diecast aluminium standard (polyurethane coated) or stainless steel casting (equivalent to type 316 epoxy resin coated).


## Functions \& Features

- Universal input: mV, V, T/C and RTD
- High accuracy
- HART communication
- Intrinsically safe and explosion-proof approval
- CE marking (conforms to ATEX and EMC)
- Optional stainless steel enclosure
- Programming via hand-held communicator or via PC
- A wide variety of T/C and RTD types
- Self diagnostics
- Input-output isolated

Enclosure color :
Body : Silver
Cover: Blue (equivalent to Munsell GPB3.5/10.5) Silver for stainless steel
Mounting bracket assembly :
Stainless steel 304
Applicable pipe
1" $1 / 2$ min.; 2" max.
Isolation : Input to output to outdoor enclosure
User-configurable parameters :
Input sensor type
Number of wires (RTD)
Input range

- Output range (via HART® only)
- Output calibration
- HART communication mode HART network mode
Burnout (T/C \& RTD) :
Upscale, downscale or no burnout selectable (standard: upscale);
Also detects wire breakdown and overrange input exceeding the electrical design limit for DC input.
Cold junction compensation (T/C) :
CJC sensor incorporated
Damping time
0 to 30 sec . (standard : 0)


## LCD DISPLAY (option)



## HART ${ }^{\circledR}$ COMMUNICATION

Protocol :
HART® communication protocol
HART ${ }^{\circledR}$ address range :
$0-15$ (standard: 0)
Transmission speed : 1200 bps
Digital current :
Approx. 1mA p-p when communicating
Character format :
1 Start Bit, 8 Data Bits, 1 Odd Parity Bit, 1 Stop Bit
Distance :
1.5 kilometers ( 0.9 mile)

HART $^{\circledR}$ communication mode :
Master-Slave Mode and Burst Mode (standard: Master-Slave)
HART ${ }^{\circledR}$ network mode :
Point-to-Point Mode and Multi-drop Mode; automatically set to Multi-drop Mode when the address is set to other than 0 .

## INPUT

The input is factory set for use with 3-wire Pt 100,0 to $150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$.
See Table 1 for the available input type, the minimum span and the maximum range.

■ DC mV \& V
Input resistance : $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum

- THERMOCOUPLE

Input resistance : $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum
Burnout sensing : 130nA $\pm 10 \%$

■ RTD (2-wire, 3-wire or 4-wire)
Input resistance : $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ minimum
Excitation: $\quad 0.2 \mathrm{~mA} \pm 10 \%$
Allowable leadwire resistance : Max. $20 \Omega$ per wire

## OUTPUT

Output range : 4-20mA DC
Zero adjustment : 3.8-7.2mA (standard: 4mA)
Span adjustment : 12.8-17.6mA (standard: 16mA)
Operational range : $3.8-21.6 \mathrm{~mA}$
Load resistance vs. supply voltage:
Load Resistance $(\Omega)=\frac{\text { Supply Voltage (V) }-12(\mathrm{~V})}{0.024(\mathrm{~A})}$
(including leadwire resistance)

## INSTALLATION

## Supply voltage :

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 12-42 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC (non-approved) } \\
& 12-28 \mathrm{~V} \text { DC (approved) }
\end{aligned}
$$

Operating temperature:
-40 to $+85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Electronics
(See Safety Parameters for use in a hazardous location.)
-30 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Display (full visibility)
Operating humidity:
0 to 95\% RH (non-condensing)
Dimensions :
See External Dimensions.
Weight :
FRC0: Approx. 150 g including the LCD
FRC1: Approx. 1.3 kg
FRC2: Approx. 4.0 kg

## PERFORMANCE

## Accuracy :

See Table 1 and "Explanation of Terms"
Cold junction compensation error : $\leq \pm 0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Temperature coefficient :
$\pm 0.015 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ of max. range at -5 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

T/C and DC mV :
Pt 100 , span $\geq 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \quad \pm 0.015 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at -40 to $+55^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$\pm 0.03 \% /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at 55 to $85^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
Start-up time: Approx. 8 seconds
Response time :
1 second $(0-63 \%)$ with damping time set to 0 and when not communicating via $\mathrm{HART}^{\oplus}$.
Supply voltage effect :
$\pm 0.003 \% \times$ [Output Span] / 1V
Insulation resistance : $\geq 100 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ with 500 V DC (input to output)
Dielectric strength : 1500 V AC /1 minute (input to output to outdoor enclosure)

## STANDARDS \& APPROVALS

CE conformity: ATEX Directive (94/9/EC)
Ex ia EN 50020
Exd EN 60079-1
EMC Directive (2004/108/EC)
EMI EN 61000-6-4
EMS EN 61000-6-2
Safety approval
CENELEC: Intrinsically safe (ATEX)
Ex II 1G, Ex ia IIC; T4, T5 and T6
(EN 50020 : 2002)
CENELEC: Flameproof (ATEX) **
〈区्x II 2G, Ex d IIC; T4, T5 and T6
(EN 60079-1 : 2007)
**FRC1 or FRC2

## SAFETY PARAMETERS

Operating temperature for CENELEC (ATEX):

| T 4 | -40 to $+80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :--- | :--- |
| T 5 | -40 to $+65^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| T 6 | -40 to $+50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |
| Ui | 30 V DC | Uo | 6.4 V DC |
| li | 96 mA DC | lo | 30 mADC |
| Pi | 0.72 W | Po | 48 mW |
| Ci | $0 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ | Co $20 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ |  |
| Li | 0 mH | Lo | 10 mH |

## EXPLANATIONS OF TERMS

## ■ ACCURACY

This transmitter's accuracy is theoretically defined as the addition of $A / D$ and $D / A$ conversion errors:

Accuracy $=A / D$ Conversion Error + D/A Conversion Error
The A/D conversion error means that measured as HART signal which is $A / D$ converted from the analog input signal.
The D/A conversion error of this transmitter is relatively very small so that it does not really affect the unit's overall performance.
The "Accuracies" given in Table 1 therefore equals the A/D conversion error.
The temperature drift (coefficient) or the cold junction compensation error is not included in the "Accuracy."

## ■ CALCULATION EXAMPLES OF OVERALL ACCURACY IN \%

## - DC Voltage

1) $0-200 \mathrm{mV}$

Absolute value accuracy (Table 1): $40 \mu \mathrm{~V}$
$40 \mu \mathrm{~V} / 200000 \mu \mathrm{~V} \times 100=0.02 \%<0.1 \%$
n' Overall accuracy $= \pm 0.1 \%$ of span
2) $0-4 \mathrm{mV}$

Absolute value accuracy (Table 1): $10 \mu \mathrm{~V}$
$10 \mu \mathrm{~V} / 4000 \mu \mathrm{~V} \times 100=0.25 \%>0.1 \%$
In Overall accuracy $= \pm 0.25 \%$ of span

## - Thermocouple

1) K thermocouple, $0-1000^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Absolute value accuracy (Table 1): $0.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$0.1 \% \times 1000^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}>0.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
CJC error $\left(0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ added: $1+0.5=1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 1000^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \times 100=0.15 \%$
. $1+$ Overall accuracy including CJC error $= \pm 0.15 \%$ of span
2) K thermocouple, $50-150^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Absolute value accuracy (Table 1): $0.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$0.1 \% \times(150-50)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}=0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}<0.25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
CJC error $\left(0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ added: $0.25+0.5=0.75^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$0.75^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /(150-50)^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \times 100=0.75 \%$
Overall accuracy including CJC error $= \pm 0.75 \%$ of span

## - RTD

1) Pt $100,-200-800^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Absolute value accuracy (Table 1): $0.15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$0.15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} /(800-200)^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \times 100=0.015 \%<0.1 \%$
In* Overall accuracy $= \pm 0.1 \%$ of span
2) Pt $100,0-100^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Absolute value accuracy (Table 1): $0.15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
$0.15^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 100^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \times 100=0.15 \%>0.1 \%$
n Overall accuracy $= \pm 0.15 \%$ of span

## INPUT TYPE, RANGE \& ACCURACY

■ INPUT TYPE, RANGE \& ACCURACY
Table 1

| INPUT TYPE | MIN. SPAN | MAXIMUM RANGE | ACCURACY |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC mV \& V | 4 mV | -50 to +1000 mV | $\pm 0.1 \%$ or $\pm 10 \mu \mathrm{~V}$, whichever is greater (F.S. input $\leq 50 \mathrm{mV}$ ) $\pm 0.1 \%$ or $\pm 40 \mu \mathrm{~V}$, whichever is greater (F.S. input $\leq 200 \mathrm{mV}$ ) $\pm 0.1 \%$ or $\pm 60 \mu \mathrm{~V}$, whichever is greater (F.S. input $\leq 500 \mathrm{mV}$ ) $\pm 0.1 \%$ or $\pm 80 \mu \mathrm{~V}$, whichever is greater (F.S. input $>500 \mathrm{mV}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermocouple | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |
|  | MIN. SPAN | MAXIMUM RANGE | CONFORMANCE RANGE | $\underset{{ }_{* 1}}{\operatorname{ACCURACY}}$ | MIN. SPAN | MAXIMUM RANGE | CONFORMANCE RANGE | $\begin{gathered} \text { ACCURACY } \\ { }^{*} 1 \end{gathered}$ |
| (PR) | 20 | 0 to 1760 | 0 to 1760 | $\pm 1.00$ | 36 | 32 to 3200 | 32 to 3200 | $\pm 1.80$ |
| K (CA) | 20 | -270 to +1370 | -150 to +1370 | $\pm 0.25$ | 36 | -454 to +2498 | -238 to +2498 | $\pm 0.45$ |
| E (CRC) | 20 | -270 to +1000 | -170 to +1000 | $\pm 0.20$ | 36 | -454 to +1832 | -274 to +1832 | $\pm 0.36$ |
| $J$ (IC) | 20 | -210 to +1200 | -180 to +1200 | $\pm 0.25$ | 36 | -346 to +2192 | -292 to +2192 | $\pm 0.45$ |
| T (CC) | 20 | -270 to +400 | -170 to +400 | $\pm 0.25$ | 36 | -454 to +752 | -274 to +752 | $\pm 0.45$ |
| B (RH) | 20 | 100 to 1820 | 400 to 1760 | $\pm 0.75$ | 36 | 212 to 3308 | 752 to 3200 | $\pm 1.35$ |
| R | 20 | -50 to +1760 | 200 to 1760 | $\pm 0.50$ | 36 | -58 to 3200 | 392 to 3200 | $\pm 0.90$ |
| S | 20 | -50 to +1760 | 0 to 1760 | $\pm 0.50$ | 36 | -58 to +3200 | 32 to 3200 | $\pm 0.90$ |
| W | 20 | 0 to 2315 | 0 to 2315 | $\pm 0.25$ | 36 | 32 to 4199 | 32 to 4199 | $\pm 0.45$ |
| N | 20 | -270 to +1300 | -130 to +1300 | $\pm 0.30$ | 36 | -454 to +2372 | -202 to +2372 | $\pm 0.54$ |
| U | 20 | -200 to +600 | -200 to +600 | $\pm 0.20$ | 36 | -328 to +1112 | -328 to +1112 | $\pm 0.36$ |
| L | 20 | -200 to +900 | -200 to +900 | $\pm 0.25$ | 36 | -328 to +1652 | -328 to +1652 | $\pm 0.45$ |
| P (Platinel II) | 20 | 0 to 1395 | 0 to 1395 | $\pm 0.25$ | 36 | 32 to 2543 | 32 to 2543 | $\pm 0.45$ |
|  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ |  |  |  |
| RTD | MIN. SPAN | MAXIMUM RANGE |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ACCURACY } \\ \text { *2 } \end{gathered}$ | MIN. SPAN | MAXIMUM RANGE |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { ACCURACY } \\ { }^{2} 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| Pt 100 (JIS '97, IEC) | 20 | -200 to +850 |  | $\pm 0.15$ | 36 | -328 to +1562 |  | $\pm 0.27$ |

*1. [Accuracy or $\pm 0.1 \%$ of span, whichever is greater] + Cold Junction Compensation Error $0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
*2. Or $\pm 0.1 \%$ of span, whichever is greater. (For 2- or 3-wire RTD, the value is valid by the sensor calibration after the wiring is done.)

Hazardous Location Non-Hazardous Location

*1. A safety barrier must be installed for the intrinsic safety.
The safety barrier must meet the Ex-data of this unit and must be approved for the hazardous location. *2. Optional
*3. Be sure to earth the unit s enclosure to meet the intrinsic safe or explosion-proof (flameproof) requirements.
*4. Close across the terminals $1 \& 2$ for 2 -wire/3-wire RTD input.
*5. Limited to 250-1100 2 for HART communication.

## EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS \& MOUNTING REQUIREMENTS unit: mm (inch)



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